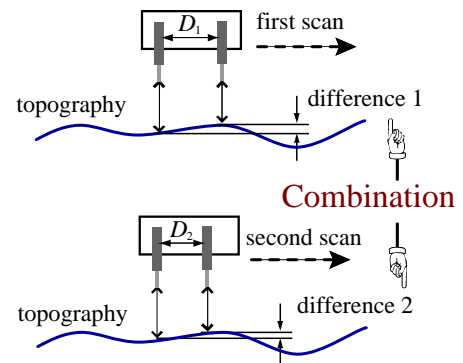


Study on Algorithm of Reconstructing Topography Based on Topography Difference

PhD Student: Xin CHEN

Objectives

- To reconstruct topography based on topography difference, two algorithms are studied
 - ▢ Spatial frequency domain method (SFR)
 - ▢ Matrix equations method (EQU)
- Measurement method: Scan topography twice using two probes with intervals D_1 and D_2 so that two sets of topography differences are obtained

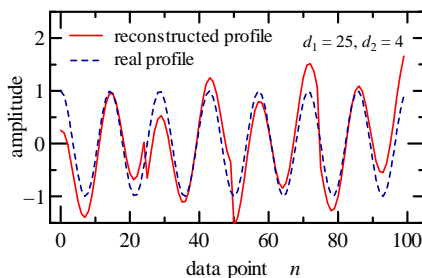


Spatial frequency domain method

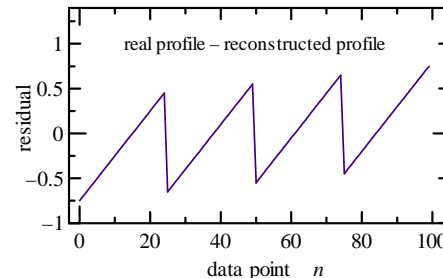
- A new condition of parameters is derived ($L \times s = P \times D_1 \times D_2$)

scan length L	sampling interval s	coefficient P	probe interval 1 D_1	probe interval 2 D_2
200 mm	0.5 mm	10	4 mm	2.5 mm

- Calibration of systematic errors is achieved in the presence of random errors



Simulation result without calibration of systematic errors



Residual which gives agreement to theoretical calculation

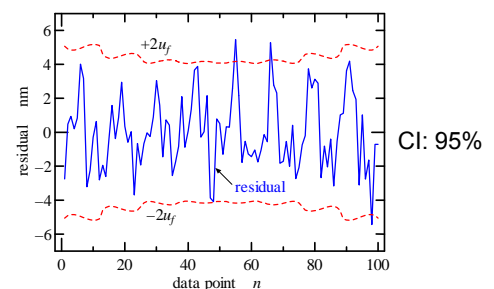
Matrix equations method

- Uncertainty is calculated and confirmed by simulations

$$\mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{X} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \quad \mathbf{S}_p = (\mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{S}^{-1} \mathbf{A})^{-1}$$

- Available parameters is selected in two cases

- ▢ Select available distance sensors and angle sensor to ensure a satisfied uncertainty
- ▢ Select available sensor intervals to ensure a satisfied uncertainty



uncertainty (red) and simulation result (blue)

